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Coffee Utilized Production Down 15 Percent from Last Season

Hawaii utilized coffee production is forecast at 24.3 million pounds (cherry basis) for the 2017-2018 season, down 15 percent from the previous season. Bearing acreage totaled 7,300, up 300 acres from the previous year. Average yield, at 3,420 pounds (cherry basis) per acre, was down 760 pounds from the previous year.

Coffee Bearing Acreage, Yield, Production, Price, and Value – Hawaii and United States: 2015-2016, 2016-2017, and 2017-2018

State	Bearing acreage			Yield per acre ¹		
	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018
	(acres)	(acres)	(acres)	(pounds)	(pounds)	(pounds)
Hawaii	6,900	7,000	7,300	4,600	4,180	3,420
United States	6,900	7,000	7,300	4,600	4,180	3,420
State	Total production ¹			Utilized production ¹		
	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018
	(1,000 pounds)	(1,000 pounds)	(1,000 pounds)	(1,000 pounds)	(1,000 pounds)	(1,000 pounds)
Hawaii	31,740	29,260	24,966	30,137	28,571	24,257
United States	31,740	29,260	24,966	30,137	28,571	24,257
State	Price per pound ¹			Value of utilized production ¹		
	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018
	(dollars)	(dollars)	(dollars)	(1,000 dollars)	(1,000 dollars)	(1,000 dollars)
Hawaii	1.55	1.71	1.79	46,712	48,856	43,420
United States	1.55	1.71	1.79	46,712	48,856	43,420

¹ Cherry basis.

Coffee Utilized Production and Price on Equivalent Basis – Hawaii: 2015-2016, 2016-2017, and 2017-2018

Basis and State	Utilized production			Price per pound		
	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018
	(1,000 pounds)	(1,000 pounds)	(1,000 pounds)	(dollars)	(dollars)	(dollars)
Parchment						
Hawaii	6,600	5,400	5,300	9.38	11.10	11.00
Green						
Hawaii	5,280	4,320	4,240	10.50	16.50	14.30

Coffee Harvested Not Sold Production – Hawaii and United States: 2015-2016, 2016-2017, and 2017-2018

State	Harvested not sold ¹		
	2015-2016 (1,000 pounds)	2016-2017 (1,000 pounds)	2017-2018 (1,000 pounds)
Hawaii	1,603	689	709
United States	1,603	689	709

¹ Cherry basis.

Definition of Terms

Bearing acreage: An orchard or grove is considered to be of bearing age when it can normally be expected to produce a commercially significant quantity of the crop. Bearing age is a function of many factors including variety, rootstock, year planted, etc.

Harvested not sold: Fruit of marketable quality that was picked but not sold for various reasons.

Total production: The quantity of a crop actually harvested.

Unutilized production: The difference between total and utilized production, which is marketable fruit harvested not sold or utilized.

Utilized production: The amount of a crop sold plus the quantity used at home or held in storage.

Yield per acre: Unless otherwise stated, yield per acre is based on total production.

Value: Crop value estimates in this report cover the marketing season or crop year and should not be confused with cash receipts which are based on a calendar year.

Statistical Methodology

Survey Procedures: Standardized probability grower surveys are conducted semiannually to collect acreage, yield, and production data. Producers are mailed a survey and telephone follow-up of non-respondents is used to ensure adequate coverage. All millers are also surveyed semiannually to determine quantity handled.

Estimating Procedures: Information obtained from the coffee grower and miller surveys along with federal administrative data is used to establish estimates of bearing acres, yield, total production, utilized production, price, and value. These estimates are reviewed for errors, reasonableness, and consistency with historical estimates.

Revision Policy: End-of-season estimates will be published in the *Noncitrus Fruits and Nuts – Summary* released in June. Revisions the following year are based on a thorough review of all available data.

Reliability: Survey indications are subject to sampling variability because all operations growing coffee are not included in the sample. Survey results are also subject to non-sampling errors such as omission, duplication, imputation for missing data, and mistakes in reporting, recording, and processing the data. These errors cannot be measured directly, but they are minimized through rigid quality controls in the data collection process and a careful review of all reported data for consistency and reasonableness.

Information Contacts

Listed below are the commodity statisticians in the Crops Branch of the National Agricultural Statistics Service to contact for additional information. E-mail inquiries may be sent to nass@nass.usda.gov

Lance Honig, Chief, Crops Branch.....	(202) 720-2127
Jorge Garcia-Pratts, Head, Fruits, Vegetables and Special Crops Section.....	(202) 720-2127
Vincent Davis – Apricots, Bananas, Cherries, Garlic, Lettuce, Mint, Papaya, Pears, Strawberries, Tomatoes.....	(202) 720-2157
Fleming Gibson – Avocados, Cauliflower, Celery, Citrus, Coffee, Dates, Figs, Kiwifruit, Nectarines, Olives, Green Peas, Taro, Watermelons	(202) 720-5412
Greg Lemmons – Blackberries, Blueberries, Boysenberries, Cranberries, Cucumbers, Potatoes, Pumpkins, Raspberries, Squash, Sugarbeets, Sugarcane, Sweet Potatoes	(202) 720-4285
Dan Norris – Artichokes, Austrian Winter Peas, Cantaloupes, Dry Beans, Dry Edible Peas, Honeydews, Lentils, Mushrooms, Peaches, Snap Beans	(202) 720-3250
Daphne Schauber – Bell Peppers, Broccoli, Cabbage, Chile Peppers, Floriculture, Grapes, Hops, Maple Syrup, Tree Nuts, Spinach	(202) 720-4215
Chris Singh – Apples, Asparagus, Carrots, Lima Beans, Onions, Plums, Prunes, Sweet Corn, Tobacco.....	(202) 720-4288

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For more information on NASS surveys and reports, call the NASS Agricultural Statistics Hotline at (800) 727-9540, 7:30 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. ET, or e-mail: nass@nass.usda.gov.

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