

**Topic 5 – Fluently Multiply and Divide Within 100****Topic Overview**

Students will apply strategies to achieve fluency with multiplication and division facts within 100. Developing fluency requires a strong focus on selecting and using appropriate strategies. Please review [Table 2: Common Multiplication and Division Situations \(Page 89\)](#) for examples of the various meanings of multiplication and division, and to ensure students opportunities with all types of multiplication and division problems.

**Vertical Progression****2<sup>nd</sup> Grade**

- Students work with equal groups of objects arranged in arrays.
- Students find the total number of objects by writing equations using rows or columns.

**4th grade**

- Students will use strategies and properties to multiply a whole number with up to 4 digits by a 1-digit whole number, and to multiply two 2-digit numbers.
- Students will use strategies and properties to divide dividends with up to 4 digits by 1-digit divisors.

**Learning Goal**

Students will use various strategies to fluently multiply and divide.

[Topic 5 Scale](#)

**Essential Question**

What are strategies to fluently multiply and divide?

**Textbook Correlation**

*\*Be selective in choosing problems aligned to the standards within the topic. Lessons and problems used for instruction and assessment should be determined through collaborative unit planning.*

Topic 5: Fluently Multiply and Divide Within 100

Lesson 5-1: Patterns for Multiplication Facts

Lesson 5-2: Use a Multiplication Table

Lesson 5-3: Find Missing Numbers in a Multiplication Table

Lesson 5-4: Use Strategies to Multiply

Lesson 5-5: Solve Word Problems: Multiplication and Division Facts

Lesson 5-6: Write Math Stories: Multiplication

Lesson 5-7: Write Math Stories: Division

Lesson 5-8: Math Practices and Problem Solving: Look for and use Structure

\*\*Use lessons at your discretion. Fluency is an end of year goal and will also be readdressed in the 4<sup>th</sup> nine weeks.

**Recommended Instructional Sequence****Step 1: Problem-Based Learning “Solve and Share”**

[Problem-Based Learning Lesson Flow Map](#)

Conceptual understanding is developed when mathematics is introduced in the context of solving a real problem in which ideas related to the new content are embedded. Conceptual understanding results because the process of solving a problem requires students to connect their prior knowledge with the new concept or procedure (Charles, R., Bay-Williams, J., et al., 2016).

Each lesson in the book begins with a *Solve and Share*. See the links below for additional tasks to be used as needed:

[Math Formative Assessment System \(MFAS\) Tasks by Standard](#)  
[Illustrative Mathematics Tasks by Standard](#)

**Step 2: “Visual Learning Bridge”**

Enhance student learning by connecting student thinking and solutions from the *Solve and Share* to the new ideas of the lesson through the use of the worked-out problem in the textbook.

**Essential Vocabulary**

- equation
- odd number
- even number
- fact family
- column
- row

### Deconstructed Standards

[MAFS.3.OA.1.3](#) (DOK 2) Use multiplication and division within 100 to solve word problems in situations involving equal groups, arrays, and measurement quantities, e.g., by using drawings and equations with a symbol for the unknown number to represent the problem.

- Multiply and divide within 100.
- Solve word problems in situations involving equal groups, arrays, and measurement quantities.
- Represent a word problem using a picture, an equation with a symbol for the unknown number, or in other ways.

[MAFS.3.OA.3.7](#) (DOK 1) Fluently multiply and divide within 100, using strategies such as the relationship between multiplication and division (e.g., knowing that  $8 \times 5 = 40$ , one knows  $40 \div 5 = 8$ ) or properties of operations. By the end of Grade 3, know from memory all products of two one-digit numbers.

- Know from memory all products of two one-digit numbers.
- Fluently multiply and divide within 100.
- Analyze a multiplication or division problem in order to choose an appropriate strategy to fluently multiply or divide within 100.

[MAFS.3.OA.4.9](#) (DOK 3) Identify arithmetic patterns (including patterns in the addition table or multiplication table) and explain them using properties of operations. *For example, observe that 4 times a number is always even, and explain why 4 times a number can be decomposed into two equal addends.*

- Identify arithmetic patterns such as even and odd numbers, patterns in an addition table, patterns in a multiplication table, and patterns regarding multiples and sums.
- Explain rules for a pattern using properties of operations.
- Explain relationships between the numbers in a pattern.

### Math Practice Standard(s)

[Link to Mathematical Practice Standards Rubric](#)

**MAFS.K12.MP.3.1** Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.

**MAFS.K12.MP.7.1** Look for and make use of structure.

### Additional Resources & Links

#### [Georgia Units](#)

Unit 2:

- Array-ning Our Fact Families
- Finding Factors
- Multiplication Chart Mastery

(Many other lessons in this Georgia unit also pertain to this topic)

#### [EngageNY - Module 1](#)

Topic B: Lesson 4, 5, & 6

Topic E: Lessons 14 - 17

#### [EngageNY Math Studio Talk: Common Core Instruction for 3.OA](#)

This video addresses representing and solving problems involving multiplication and division, the properties of multiplication, and the relationship between multiplication and division to help students multiply and divide within 100.

\* *YouTube must already be opened on your browser before clicking the link.*

### Higher Order Questions & Writing Connections

[Link to Webb's DOK Guide](#)

*\* Higher order questions should be utilized to foster a deep, conceptual understanding of the topic. Encouraging students to express their mathematical thinking in writing helps them solidify their learning.*

- How would you explain that strategy to someone who didn't understand?
- How do you determine which strategy is the most efficient in a given problem?
- What strategies can be used to solve multiplication problems?
- What strategies can be used to solve division problems?
- Explain and illustrate two strategies to solve the problem.
- Describe a strategy you would use to solve \_\_\_\_\_.
- Create a situation equation to match the given word problem.

[Common Multiplication and Division Situations](#)

Table 2 (page 89) – Common Core State Standards for Mathematics

[www.pearsonrealize.com](http://www.pearsonrealize.com)

Home-School Connection Page

Reteaching Pages

[Marzano Proficiency Scales Bank](#)

[Math Formative Assessment System \(MFAS\) Tasks by Standard](#)

CPALMS – MFAS includes tasks that teachers can implement with their students, and rubrics that help the teacher interpret students' responses.

[Illustrative Mathematics Tasks by Standard](#)

The site illustrates standards with impeccably crafted tasks, videos, lesson plans, and curriculum modules.

[Common Core Flip Books](#) Provides additional information and sample problems for every standard.

[FSA Test Item Specifications](#)

- Write a word problem to match the given equation.

**Spiral Review**

*\*Consistent review of previously learned standards allows students multiple opportunities to master and build fluency with mathematical concepts and procedures.*

[www.pearsonrealize.com](http://www.pearsonrealize.com)

Daily Review 5-1 through 5-8