Book: IELTS 7, Test 1, Task 1

The table which want to summarize is about the percentage of national consumer expenditure on three items in Ireland, Italy, Spain, Sweden and Turkey in 2002.

Comment [Afarinesh1]: Better now to use personal voice.

As it is shown in the table, 32.14 percent of the Turkey consumed expenditure in Trukey is belongbelonged to the first category which is about for food, drinks and tobacco. Approximately, it is two times more than the portion of this category in Sweden and Italy. In the second column, we can see that consumer expenditure of clothing and footwear of Italy is in the highest place than other four countries which is in the lowest site for Sweden.

In addition, considerably consumer spending on leisure and education in Turkey is much more than that of Spain and Ireland. Although in Turkey it is 4.35 percent, in Spain it is below than 2 percent and in Ireland it is a bitslightly more than 2.2 percent.

In <u>summarizesummary</u>, the consumer behavior in Turkey is different <u>of from</u> others and maybe it is related to culture and geographic situation of this country.

Not a good organization in your writing. The examiner expects you to have your paragraphs based on a more logical comparison, and not only a comparison between the figures. For example you could have three paragraphs, each for one of the resources of expenditure or have your paragraphing organized based on the countries. Also, the grammar range is not completely acceptable for your writing.

Comment [Afarinesh2]: A BIT is informal

Book: IELTS 7, Test 1, Task 2

Clearly every athletes, musicians, sportsmen sportsman and artists have has certain talents, but; however, it is disputed if they are born with their talents or they have achieved them during their lives.

Some people believe that every child has special power which is called talent. Although it is not teachable, it can be expanded developed by training. On the other hand, other people have different attitude about talent. They believe it is teachable and any children can be taught to become a good sport person or musician.

Why have you put your arguments in a body paragraph?

Frankly, I agree with the first group. I can mention a lots of people's name who are born in a village with poor facilities but they become important people with vital rules in their country. I think everyone knows Michel Jackson who has been the most famous singer from since 1980. Although he was born in a poor family, he could be an international artist that millions of adolescents and young people have followed his trend. David Beckham is another instance from sport world who is earning millions of dollar each every year just because of his talent in playing football.

Comment [Afarinesh3]: EVERY + Singular noun and verbs

Comment [Afarinesh4]: What does THEM refers to? If it is about TALENTS, you will have problem with your collocations because TALENT cannot be achieved and it is natural.

Comment [Afarinesh5]: This is a spoken phrase and not suitable for a formal writing.

Comment [Afarinesh6]: Wrong way to develop. There is no reason to be developed.

Comment [Afarinesh7]: Not a smooth transition between sentences.

On the other wayhand, many families spend a lot of money for on their children to learn playing some musical instruments or doing popular sports such as football or basketball, but a few of them become successful because they do not have any interest in that.

In conclusion, every successful <u>people person</u> in any major <u>are is</u> enthusiastic in that field and have a related talent bat it is not identified if they are born with them or not.

With this lexical resources and grammar range, if you know how to organize your writings, you can achieve a 6 or 6.5. However, you seem not to be completely familiar with the rules of writing, especially for the IELTS exam, which reduces your band score to a great extent.

Estimated Band Score:

<u>TA</u>	<u>CC</u>	<u>LR</u>	GRA	<u>Overall</u>
<u>5</u>	<u>5-</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>5+</u>

Good Luck,

Corrected and Commented by: Hamed Mohammad Hosseini

Comment [Afarinesh8]: BUT is not used at the beginning of sentences in British English.

Comment [Afarinesh9]: What does THAT refer

Comment [Afarinesh10]: Again problem with the REFERENT!