

European Journal of Phycology

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Indent the first line of paragraphs except after headings. In taxonomic papers, species names should be followed by the authorities in full, e.g. (J. Smith) Setchell & Gardner, when first used, unless a large number of names with authorities are grouped in a table. For other types of research, authorities for species names are only necessary in Materials and Methods. SI (metric) units must be used. Leave a space between numerals and their units (e.g. 10 mm). Abbreviations should be explained in words when first used. Symbols, units, and nomenclature should conform to international usage. Non-English speakers should get the text checked if at all possible, as the editors cannot always be expected to carry out major linguistic revision.

Miniviews are short articles presenting the author's viewpoint on important recent developments in phycology. Full length reviews are also published. See recent issues for style. Potential contributors of miniviews and reviews are invited to consult the Editors-in-Chief before preparing a submission.

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1. The title page should have only the title, the name(s) and address(es) of the author(s), any necessary footnotes, and a short running title suitable for page headings. If the name of an organism is used in the title, an indication of its taxonomic position must be given. Nomenclatural authorities should only be used in titles when nomenclatural changes are being proposed. Fax numbers and e-mail addresses will be printed if included as footnotes on the title page. The address for correspondence and offprint requests will be that of the first author unless otherwise indicated by means of a footnote.

2. The Abstract of not more than 300 words should be concise, informative and intelligible without reference to the main text. It should indicate both the main results and the main conclusions of the paper. Do not repeat information in the title or make reference to the literature. Authorities for species names should be included in the Abstract for primarily taxonomic papers only. **Key words:** immediately following the abstract, list 5 to 10 key words (alphabetically), separated by commas.

3. The Introduction should give the background to the study and the purpose of the investigation in sufficient detail to introduce readers not expert in the particular area covered.

4. Materials and Methods. Include the species authorities (which can be found in checklists or culture catalogues). If cultures are used, indicate the strain or clone number and source. For materials and supplies not secured through major scientific supply companies, indicate the source. Use metric units; for description of laboratory procedures, the terms litre (abbreviated to l) and millilitre (ml) may be used. Values for light measurements should be given in $\mu\text{mol m}^{-2}\text{ s}^{-1}$ or W m^{-2} , and referred to as photon irradiance or irradiance. Do not use dots or full-stops between parts of the term. Ensure that decimals are given as 0.5 (not 0,5) both in text and axis labels.

5. Results Cite each figure and table in the text in order of presentation as far as possible. Names of new taxa must be followed immediately by the Latin description or, preferably, diagnosis (using only essential characters), with citation of holotype. For new combinations, basionyms should be cited in full.

6. The Discussion evaluates the significance of the results obtained in the context of the literature in this area.

7. Acknowledgements should be given under a single heading at the end of the article.

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SHEATH, R.G. HAMBROOK, J.A. (1990). Freshwater ecology. In *Biology of the Red Algae* (Cole, K.M. Sheath, R.G., editors), 423-453. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge.

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