## Area of Triangles

Find the area of this triangle.


Use the formula $A=\frac{1}{2} b h$.
$A=\frac{1}{2} \times 10 \times 8$
$A=5 \times 8$
$A=40 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
The area of the triangle is $40 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$.

Find the area of each triangle.

3. Triangle: $b=6 \mathrm{ft}, h=9 \mathrm{ft}$
4. Triangle: $b=18 \mathrm{~m}, h=13 \mathrm{~m}$
5. Triangle: $b=20 \mathrm{in} ., h=9 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$.
2.


## $60 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$

$27 \mathrm{ft}^{2}$
117 m $^{2}$
$95 \mathrm{in}^{2}$
6. Writing to Explain Rebekah needs to find the area of a right triangle. She knows all the side lengths of the right triangle, but she says that she also needs to know the height. Is she correct? Explain.

## Area of Triangles

Find the area of each triangle.
1.

$A=144 \mathrm{ft}^{2}$
2.

3. Triangle
$b=30 \mathrm{~m}$
$h=15.6 \mathrm{~m}$
$A=234 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$
4. Triangle
$b=18 \mathrm{in}$.
$h=6 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$.
$A=58 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}^{2}$
5. Triangle
$b=20 \mathrm{ft}$
$h=3 \mathrm{yd}$
$A=90 \mathrm{ft}^{2}$
6. Writing to Explain The area of a triangle is 42 square inches. The triangle's base is 6 inches. Find the height of the triangle. Explain how you do it.
Sample answer: I substituted the numbers I know into the formula and solved for $h . A=\frac{1}{2} b h ; 42=\frac{1}{2}(6) h ;$ $42=3 h ; 42 \div 3=3 h \div 3 ; 14 \mathrm{in} .=h$.
7. Number Sense A triangle has a base of 2 m and a height of 4 m .

Find the area of the triangle in square millimeters.
$\frac{1}{2}(2,000)(4,000)=4,000,000 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$
8. Estimation Which is the best estimate of the area of a triangle that has a base of 23.62 cm and a height of 8.33 cm ?
A $200 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
B $160 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
(C) $100 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
D $50 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
9. Reasoning The area of a triangle is $36 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$. Give 3 possible sets of dimensions for the triangle and explain whether or not you can also give the triangles' side lengths.
Possible dimensions are $6 \mathrm{~cm} \times 12 \mathrm{~cm}, 8 \mathrm{~cm} \times 9 \mathrm{~cm}$, $2 \mathrm{~cm} \times 36 \mathrm{~cm}$. The base of the triangle gives us one side length. But we can not determine the other side lengths from the information given.

