

## Family learning and making games with pre-school children

Some examples of language, literacy and numeracy in family learning

Theme: Raising children's achievement

Outcomes for families: be healthy, enjoy and achieve, achieve economic wellbeing

### Literacy/ESOL

Speaking and Listening	Reading	Writing	ICT
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Following the gist and make appropriate contributions to discussion about the importance of play in children's development</li> <li>• Respecting the turn-taking rights of others during conversations</li> <li>• Discussing, what makes a good game for a pre-school child</li> <li>• Explaining likes and dislikes in various games/activities for both parents and children</li> <li>• Engaging in discussion about age-appropriate games, including health and safety (i.e. the size of the pieces used), literacy, language and numeracy considerations</li> <li>• Explaining how to play the game with a different audience, for example younger children/ older children</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Using different reading strategies (skimming and scanning) to find and obtain information on the subject of play for under fives</li> <li>• Researching health and safety issues to make sure the games are safe for children, age-related information, for example. choking hazards</li> <li>• Understanding main points and purposes of text, researching information about the importance of play for young children in learning and development</li> <li>• Reading for information and comprehension, for example researching history and culture of games and toys for young children</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Presenting information and ideas in a logical sequence for example writing a diary about child's play activities or preparing information to give a presentation to the group about play facilities in the area</li> <li>• Developing a questionnaire so games can be matched to particular children, including factors such as age, likes/dislikes, skills such as understanding, talking, counting, physical skills, favourite characters</li> <li>• Producing a list from group ideas about the importance of play and games for children's development</li> <li>• Using written words and phrases to record child's play activities and how these support the development of literacy, language and numeracy skills</li> <li>• Planning and drafting instructions for own game in plain understandable English for adults to follow</li> <li>• Sequencing instructions, proof reading and presenting final copy</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Researching online health and safety relating to children's games and age-related safety standards</li> <li>• Researching online the importance of play in child development</li> <li>• Using a digital camera to record games</li> <li>• Using digital voice recording to record instructions for younger children</li> <li>• Researching online history and culture of games, games from around the world</li> </ul>

## Numeracy

Number	Measures, shape and space	Handling data	ICT
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reading, writing, ordering and comparing numbers and identifying different ways of building in number through counting games or rhyming games suitable for pre-school children</li> <li>• Sequencing, counting in sequence</li> <li>• Following a number trail as part of a treasure hunt game for example finding the next number in a sequence, colour matching and counting, how many steps they can see on the way to the park.</li> <li>• Identifying low and high numbers</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Selecting, using and demonstrating awareness of appropriate units of measurement when making the game</li> <li>• Using different types of shape for example shapes needed to complete the game, identifying how many shapes, sides; times around the board</li> <li>• Sorting and using 2-D and 3-D shapes</li> <li>• Adding and subtracting e.g. forward and backward moves in a game</li> <li>• Use positional vocabulary suitable for pre-school children</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Collecting and organising data for example collecting smiley faces for individual or team scores</li> <li>• Sorting by colour, shape, items found on a treasure hunt, for example leaves, shapes or house numbers seen</li> <li>• Writing a list of what might be seen or collected on the treasure hunt, ordering a list by alphabetical order, or in time sequence</li> <li>• Creating tally charts to collect information, for example; types of vehicle that pass the school, number of times a dice falls on each number; numbers of dogs, pushchairs seen when on walk in the park</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Researching online health and safety relating to children's games and age-related safety standards, reading and interpreting charts, diagrams and numerical information</li> </ul>

Check out schemes of work and resources at [Skills for Families](#)