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	Authors:	K.S. Kulkarni, R.S.Bindu	
	Paper Title:	Design Modification for Failed Grill Bracket using Finite Element Analysis	
1	Abstract: Grill is purpose of the Gri aesthetic value to t Truck using Finite replaced with new is analysed using F analysis was done stresses were com accelerations loads of the standard mai analysis. The mosi stress values at fa warranty period (1 quick solution is ex-	s a part placed on vehicle located in front of the Engine cooling module by means of bracket. The ill is to protect the cooling module from front impact and at the same time provide appropriate the vehicle. This report presents the failure analysis of grill bracket of Engine cooling module of a Element Analysis. The Grill bracket has failed in the field before warranty period so it has to be one. Replacing old bracket means economic loss to the company. The Failure of this Grill bracket Finite Element Analysis. 3 D models were created using Pro –E CAD softwares and Finite element using Medina and Permas softwares. After doing Finite Element Analysis it was observed that high thing at failure location on the Grill bracket. The high stresses were mainly observed due to s. Several proposals for alternate designs were created considering the packaging data, availability terials and manufacturing feasibility. These alternate designs were again checked by finite element t optimized design was finalized through this process. The finalized design showed 60% lower illure location compared to current design. New proposed design was found to pass the given 00000 miles). Thus Finite element analysis proved to be very suitable tool for the situation where expected.	1-4
	Keywords: FEA	, Grill	
	References:         1.       C. A. Mesa, 'The         2.       J. N. Reddy, 'An         3.       Nitin S Gokhle, S         4.       J. Devlukia, J. D         Oct 1987       Oct 1987         5.       L.C. H. Ricardo Annual Conferer         6.       S. Abdullah, N.A Automotive com	e Engine Cooling System'. Introduction to finite element methods' Sanjay S. Deshpande, Sanjeev V Bedekar, Anand N Thite. 'Practical Finite Element Analysis' lavies, 'Experiment and Analytical Techniques for Assessing the Durability of Automotive Structures' SAE Paper, 871968, p. R.J.P.C. Miranda, S. Delijacov, 'Procedures to Apply Finite Element Analysis in Automotive Structures', 2003 SEM ice & Exposition on Experimental and Applied Mechanics, 2003 A. Al-Asady, A.K. Ariffin and M.M.Rahaman, 'A review of Finite element analysis approaches in Durability assessment of iponents', Journal of Applied Sciences, 8: 2192-2201, 2008.	
	Authors:	Nikita Gupta, Swapna Devi	
	Paper Title:	EEG Forward Problem Solution for a Multi- Shell Head Model	
2	<ul> <li>Abstract: The for scalp generated du head characteristic account while solv skull, cerebrospina comparison to a for skull &amp; brain.</li> <li>Keywords: EEC</li> <li>References: <ol> <li>P. Wen, "Huma Australia, No. 3, 1999</li> <li>E. Franck, "Ele 23, No. 11, pp.</li> <li>D. Geselowitz, 7. Y.K. Alp, O. International CG</li> <li>R. R.S. Hosck, A. Trans. on Biom 9. M. Huerta, G. O. International Jo</li> <li>J. J.C. de Munck, 464–470, 1988</li> <li>Md R. Bashar, Computer Engi</li> <li>J.P. Ary, S.A. H. Biomedical Engingin, "PhD dis</li> <li>H. Hallez, B. V</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	orward problem of EEG deals with estimation of electrical potential difference measured over the e to neural activity inside the brain. These signals measured over scalp are highly affected by the s taken into account. This work envisages the effect of taking white matter and gray matter into ing the forward EEG problem. The work shows that a five layered head model, comprising scalp, al fluid, gray matter and white matter, is more accurate in finding forward EEG solution in ur layered comprising scalp, skull, CSF & Brain or three layered head model represented by scalp, G, Forward Problem, Head Model.	5-7

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	Localization," I	EEE Trans. on Biomedical Engineering, vol. 44, No. 12, 1997.	
	Authors:	Keta Kavai, Kajni Bhoomarker	a <b>4:</b> a
	Abstract: Digital digital data auther copyright authentic reliable customers communication. In proposed. A secret digital watermark compression. Then	Watermarking has become essential and prime need for multimedia industry, internet users and ntication fields. With rapid growth of digital data, we have problems related to security and eation .These increased use of digital data creates new challenges for document owners and their . Digital Watermarking has provided global and cost effective solution for digital image this paper a robust digital watermarking algorithm based on Joint DWT-DCT Transformation is e message is scrambled and embedded in DWT-DCT coefficients of host image. Uncompressed images need a lot storage capacity and bandwidth. For efficient image transmission needs image watermarked data is used for desired application by channel communication.	
3	Keywords: Dig	ital Watermarking, Discrete Cosine Transform, Discrete Wavelet Transform	8-12
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	Authors:	Yusuf H.Shaikh, Gazala Shaikh, Nazneen Akthar, Gulam Rabbani	
	Paper Title:	Modeling of Fractal Growth by Simulation	
	Abstract: In the limited aggregation electric field condi DLA growth in ci Brownian motion co of radial movement influence of the rar the growth patterns branching and mon tends to be dense a the fractal dimension <b>Keywords:</b> Fract	al, Fractal Dimension, Simulation, electrodepositio	
4	<ol> <li>References:</li> <li>Mandelbrot B.B.</li> <li>Bunde A and Ha</li> <li>Mandelbrot B.B.</li> <li>Witten T. A. and</li> <li>Sharon E.,Mitche</li> <li>Langer J. S., Rev</li> <li>Martin Z.B. Darr</li> <li>Berg H., 'Randor</li> <li>Boston Universit</li> <li>Wirtz, F., 'Diffus</li> <li>Asikainen J., Hei</li> <li>Hiroshi M. and Applied Phy,87,'</li> <li>Grebenkov D. S</li> <li>Michel B. and Da</li> <li>Michel B., 'Mus</li> <li>Fanchiotti H., S.</li> <li>Shakh YH ' Ph.J</li> <li>Ashok R, 'Bomb</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>'The fractal geometry of nature. Freeman, San Francisco (1982).</li> <li>ivlin S, 'Fractals in Science' Berlin: Springer (1994)</li> <li>Viscek T., 'Richardson plot and fractals', J.Phys. A22, L337(1989).</li> <li>Sander L. M., Phys. Rev. B27, 5686 (1983).</li> <li>ell G. M., William D. M., and Harry L. S., Phy Rev Lett 91, 20 (2003).</li> <li>Mod Phys. 52, 1 (1980).</li> <li>en C., 'Conformal Mapping Methods for Interfacial Dynamics'URL: http://www.ima.umn.edu.</li> <li>m Walks in Biology', Princeton University Press, (1983).</li> <li>y Center for Polymer Studies. 'The Image Galleries'http://polymer.bu.edu, (2002).</li> <li>sion-Limited Aggregation and its Simulation,' http://www.oche.de/~ecotopia/dla, (2002).</li> <li>nonen,J. and Ala-Nissila1T., Phys Rev E, 66, 066706(2002).</li> <li>Yoshiyuki K., 'Simulation of electrochemical deposition process by a multiparticle diffusive aggregation model', J.of 9 (2000).</li> <li>Lebedev A. A., Filoche M., and Sapoval B., Phys Rev E 71,056121(2005).</li> <li>enis B., '2D growth processes: SLE and Loewner chains' Preprint submitted to Elsevier Science (17 April 2006).</li> <li>sic from fractal noise' the Proceedings of the Math2000Festival, Melbourne, (2000).</li> <li>J. Sciutto, 'Analysis of Sunspot Number Flucatuations' FERMILAB (2004).</li> <li>D Thesis 'Studies in Growth Pattern and Fractals' Dr. B.A.M. University,Aurangabad (2007).</li> <li>ay Stock Exchange Index' Pramana – J. of physics,58, 537 (2002).</li> </ul>	13-17
	Authors:	N.Durairajaa, J.Joyprincy, M.Palanisamy	
	Paper Title:	Design of Low Power and Area Efficient Architecture for Reconfigurable FIR Filter	
5	<b>Abstract:</b> Finite I These filters prov quantization errors architecture is prop	mpulse Response (FIR) filters are widely applied in multi-standard wireless communications. ide linear phase and absolute stability. The FIR offers a low sensitivity for the coefficient s. These properties increase the usage of FIR filter. In this paper, reconfigurable digital filter posed. The approach is well suited if the filter order is fixed. The filter is dynamically reconfigured	18-23

by changing the filter order. The order is changed by turning of the multiplier whose inputs are mitigate to be eliminated. The complexity of linear phase FIR filters is dominated by the number of adders (sub-tractors) in the coefficient multiplier. The Common Sub-expression Elimination (CSE) algorithm reduces number of adders in the multipliers and dynamically reconfigurable filters can be efficiently implemented. The proposed filter architectures offers power and area reduction over the existing FIR filter implementation.

Keywords: Approximate filtering, low power filter, reconfigurabledesign, commonsubexpressionelimination(CSE).

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## Authors:S. Kumar, Z. Ahmad, T. Mansoor, S. K. HimanshuPaper Title:A New Approach to Analyze the Flow over Sharp Crested Curved Plan form Weirs

Weirs have widely been used for the flow measurement, flow diversion and its control in the open Abstract: channels. Generally they are used as normal weirs of various shapes like rectangular, triangular, trapezoidal, etc. pose problems of submergence upstream of the weir due to large afflux required to pass the discharge downstream. Several weirs of modified plan form like oblique weirs, diagonal weirs, Duckwill weirs, Labyrinth weirs etc. have successfully been used to control the afflux and to enhance their discharging capacity with minimum head over the weirs. Labyrinth weirs are folded in the plan view (i.e. the weir crest is not straight in plan form) to provide a longer crest length compared to a normal weir having the same lateral space to increase the discharge for a given operating head. For large reservoirs, the labyrinth weir is used as the overflow structure. It allows the overflow sill to be raised for the same maximum level of the water and flood, and thus, increase the storage capacity of the reservoir. This paper contains the results of experimental study carried out to analyse the flow characteristics of a sharp-crested curved plan-form weirs under free flow conditions in a rectangular channel with weir height around 0.10 m and vertex angles ranging from 00 (i.e. normal weir) to 1200. The equations for the discharge coefficient of curved weirs have been proposed. The results show that there is a gain of about 50% in discharge over a curved weir with vertex angle of 1200 as compared to a normal weir. Finally, equations for discharge coefficient for all tested curved weirs in a free flow situation have been proposed.

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Keywords: Sharp crested weir, Curved plan-form, Flow measurement, Coefficient of discharge, Open channel.

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234-7 (2002).		1
Authors:	S. Sakthivel, M. Gayathri, V. Manimozhi	
Paper Title:	A Nature Inspired Optimization Algorithm for Reactive Power Control in a Power System	
Abstract. In powe	Abstract. In power system operation, minimizing the real power loss in transmission lines and the voltage deviation	

**Abstract:** In power system operation, minimizing the real power loss in transmission lines and the voltage deviation at the load buses by controlling the reactive power flow is an important task. This ensures for secured operation of power systems with regard to voltage stability and economics of operation owing to loss minimization. In this paper, the nature inspired Big Bang – Big Crunch (BB-BC) algorithm is implemented to solve the multi constrained optimal reactive power flow problem in a power system. The algorithm is free from large number of operators and can be easily coded in any programming language. Generator bus voltages, transformer tap positions and settings of switched shunt var compensators are used as decision variables to control the reactive power flow. BB-BC algorithm is tested on the standard IEEE-30 bus test system and the results are compared with other methods to prove the effectiveness of the new algorithm. The results are quite encouraging and the algorithm is found to be efficient.

**Keywords:** Big Bang–Big Crunch Algorithm, Optimal Reactive Power Flow, Loss Minimization, Optimal Reactive Power Flow Control.

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#### 8 Authors: Naseer M. Basheer, Mustafa Mushtak Mohammed

Paper Title:	Design and FPGA Implementation of a Lifting Scheme 2D DWT Architecture	
Abstract: This paper presents an area efficient, and simple design, of multilevel two dimensional discrete wavelet transform (2-D DWT) modules for image compression. The proposed architecture is based on lifting scheme approach, using the (5/3) wavelet filter, aiming to reduce the hardware complexity and size of the on-chip memory. This architecture consists of a control unit, a processor unit, two on-chip internal memories to speed up system operations, and an on-board off-chip external memory (Intel strata parallel NOR flash PROM). The 2-dimensinal discrete wavelet transform lifting scheme algorithm has been implemented using MATLAB program for both modules forward discrete wavelet transform (FDWT) and inverse discrete wavelet transform (IDWT) to determine suitable word length for DWT coefficients and the peak signal to noise ratio (PSNR) for the retrieved image. The decomposition algorithm of this transform is designed and synthesized with the VHDL language and then implemented on the FPGA Spartan 3E starter kit (XC3S500E) to check validation of results and performance of design.		
applications		24.29
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Authors:	Nasseer M. Basheer, Mustafa H. Mohammed	
Paper Title:	Segmentation of Breast Masses in Digital Mammograms Using Adaptive Median Filter	ring and
Abstract: Brea factor to the sud diagnosing breast Aided Diagnosis showed a promis masses in the man filtering and textu digital mammogr Adaptive median properties of the p at 2.75 False Posi Keywords: ada	<b>Texture Analysis</b> st cancer continues to be one of the major causes of death among women. Early detection is a key access of treatment process. X-ray mammography is one of the most common procedures for a cancer due to its simplicity, portability and cost effectiveness. Mass detection using Computer (CAD) schemes was an active field of research in the past few years, and some of these studies ing future. T`hese CAD systems serve as a second decision tool to radiologists for discovering nmograms. In this paper, a breast mass segmentation method is presented based on adaptive median aphic image (images taken from the Mammographic Image Analysis Society (MIAS) database). filtering is applied for contouring the image, then the best contour is chosen based on the texture resulting Region-of-Interest (ROI). The proposed CAD system produces (92.307%) mass sensitivity tive per Image (FPI) which is considered as a proper result in this field of research.	
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	Authors:	L. Ramachandran, N. Alagumurthi	
	Paper Title:	Appraisal of Equipments for Lean Manufacturing Environment- A MCDA Approach	
	Abstract: No manufacturing env types of problems which is closer to t procedure of VIKO	wadays, Lean manufacturing tools become a key strategy for global competition. In a lean ironment, the selection of process equipments is a complex multi criteria problem. To solve such we use the VIKOR method . By using the VIKOR method decision makers can take the decision the ideal solutions. In this paper linguistic fuzzy data is used to find out the ranking. It explains the DR model in selecting a machine with a numerical example.	
	Keywords: Equi	ipment selection, Fuzzy VIKOR, Lean manufacturing,.	
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	Authors:	Amandeep Bakshi, Rupinder Singh	
	Paper Title:	Component Based Development in Software Engineering	
11	Abstract: In toda software engineeri methods. There are Component-based reusability, flexibi engineering appro approach and to the <b>Keywords:</b> Comp Process Models. <b>References:</b> 1. PRESSMAN Rog 2. HERZUM Peter, S 3. Mili, H, Mili, A., V 4. G. Pour, "Compo Oriented Languag 5. BAYAR Vedat," A	ay's world, Component Based development is an active research area for more than a decade in ng. As they provide automated or semi-automated support for the various processes and the e three main approaches in Software Engineering world such as Structured, Object-oriented and approach. The last Component-based approach introduces more benefits to this world in terms of lity and maintainability. This paper basically provides the background of various software aches and compares the Component based development to the object oriented development e various other traditional approaches. bonent Based Development, Commercial off the shelf (COTS), Object-oriented Development, er, "Software Engineering", McGraw Hill, 2006. SIMS Oliver, "Business Component Factory", Wiley, 1999. /acoub S., and Addy, E(2002) "Reuse Based Software Engineering", Wiley- Interscience Publication, USA. nent-Based Software Development Approach: New Opportunities and Challenges," Proceedings Technology of Object- es, 1998. TOOLS 26., pp. 375-383. A Process Model For Component Oriented Software Development", Master Thesis, 2001.	48-52
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	Paper Title:	Design and Implementation of Intelligent Control of a Fly back Ouasi Resonant Converter	
12	Abstract: Power s components requir output power distri- output flyback zero regulation due to l regulation, conven converter due to no results for load re reveals that fuzzy l Keywords: dc-dc	supply voltages in digital systems have been reduced considerably in recent years and often digital ing different voltages are present in the same board. This has increased the demand for multiple ibution systems with tight load regulation. In this paper, a detailed analysis and design of a multi- b voltage switching (ZVS) quasi resonant converter(QRC) has been carried out. The effect of cross- oad resistances and leakage inductances are studied and obtained. To reduce the effect of cross- tional PI controllers are designed and simulated. In order to improve the performances of the pollinearity, intelligent controller like fuzzy logic controller is proposed and simulated. The output gulations are presented and the performances of both the controllers are compared. The result ogic controller gives satisfactory performances.	53-58

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	Authors:	Rupinder Singh, Amandeep Bakshi	
	Paper Title:	Need of Agile Development	
	Abstract: There a	re numerous developing methods in the manufacturing and software development industries which	
	are broadly classifi	ed into traditional and agile methods. This paper reviews the important aspects of traditional and	
	agile methods of so	oftware development. It also explains the properties of both methodologies by making comparison	
	between them. We	will discuss the flaws and challenges faces by traditional development processes and how will	
	agile overcome the	m which leads us to the conclusion that agile have an edge upon traditional methods.	
	Keywords: Agile	e, SDLC, Traditional methods, Iterative approaches	
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	on Information and	d Network Technology, vol.37, pp.162-167, 2012.	
	Authors:	Privanka M Lokhande, A P Thakare	
	Paper Title:	An Efficient Scheduling Technique for the Improvement of WSN with Network Lifetime Constraint	& Delay
	Paper Title: Abstract: This paper	An Efficient Scheduling Technique for the Improvement of WSN with Network Lifetime Constraint per highlight about the maximization of network lifetime & minimization of delay parameter which	& Delay
	Paper Title: Abstract: This papis important to im	An Efficient Scheduling Technique for the Improvement of WSN with Network Lifetime Constraint ber highlight about the maximization of network lifetime & minimization of delay parameter which prove the performance of the wireless sensor network as effective and reliable Wireless mostly	& Delay
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14	Paper Title: Abstract: This papis important to im- energy is used when node fails because lifetime. Sleep-wai because a transmitt by developing "any the first neighborin set. We used anyca packet-delivery de problem of how to packet forwarding end-to-end packet- Keywords: WSI	An Efficient Scheduling Technique for the Improvement of WSN with Network Lifetime Constraint ber highlight about the maximization of network lifetime & minimization of delay parameter which prove the performance of the wireless sensor network as effective and reliable Wireless mostly an communication radios are on. The network lifetime is usually defined as the time until the first e of energy depletion. So sleep-wake scheduling is effective mechanism to increase network ke scheduling is efficient to increase network lifetime but it could result in substantial delays ing node needs to wait for its next-hop relay node to wake up. We attempts to reduce these delays yeast"-based packet forwarding schemes, where each node opportunistically forwards a packet to an node that wakes up among multiple candidate nodes such set of nodes called forwarding node test forwarding schemes to forward the data packet to next hop node which minimizes the expected lays from the sensor nodes to the sink node. Based on this result, we provide a solution to the optimally control the system parameters of the sleep-wake scheduling protocol and the anycast protocol to maximize the network lifetime and minimize the delay with constraint on the expected delivery delay.	& Delay
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14	Paper Title: Abstract: This papis important to im- energy is used when node fails because lifetime. Sleep-wal because a transmitt by developing "any the first neighboring set. We used anycar packet-delivery de problem of how to packet forwarding end-to-end packet- Keywords: WSI References: 1. YC. Tseng, C vol. 43, pp. 317 2. W. Ye, H. He IEEE/ACM Tra 3. T. van Dam and	An Efficient Scheduling Technique for the Improvement of WSN with Network Lifetime Constraint ber highlight about the maximization of network lifetime & minimization of delay parameter which prove the performance of the wireless sensor network as effective and reliable Wireless mostly en communication radios are on. The network lifetime is usually defined as the time until the first e of energy depletion. So sleep-wake scheduling is effective mechanism to increase network kee scheduling is efficient to increase network lifetime but it could result in substantial delays ing node needs to wait for its next-hop relay node to wake up. We attempts to reduce these delays ycast"-based packet forwarding schemes, where each node opportunistically forwards a packet to an ode that wakes up among multiple candidate nodes such set of nodes called forwarding node to forwarding schemes to forward the data packet to next hop node which minimizes the expected lays from the sensor nodes to the sink node. Based on this result, we provide a solution to the optimally control the system parameters of the sleep-wake scheduling protocol and the anycast protocol to maximize the network lifetime and minimize the delay with constraint on the expected delivery delay. N, any cast, sleep–wake scheduling, network lifetime, Network delay.	& Delay 62-66
14	Paper Title: Abstract: This pap is important to im energy is used whe node fails because lifetime. Sleep-wa because a transmitt by developing "any the first neighborin set. We used anyca packet-delivery de problem of how to packet forwarding end-to-end packet- Keywords: WSI References: 1. YC. Tseng, C vol. 43, pp. 317 2. W. Ye, H. He IEEE/ACM Tra 3. T. van Dam and pp. 171–180. 4. J. Luo and JF	An Efficient Scheduling Technique for the Improvement of WSN with Network Lifetime Constraint over highlight about the maximization of network lifetime & minimization of delay parameter which prove the performance of the wireless sensor network as effective and reliable Wireless mostly en communication radios are on. The network lifetime is usually defined as the time until the first e of energy depletion. So sleep-wake scheduling is effective mechanism to increase network ke scheduling is efficient to increase network lifetime but it could result in substantial delays ing node needs to wait for its next-hop relay node to wake up. We attempts to reduce these delays ycast"-based packet forwarding schemes, where each node opportunistically forwards a packet to to ge node that wakes up among multiple candidate nodes such set of nodes called forwarding node last forwarding schemes to forward the data packet to next hop node which minimizes the expected lays from the sensor nodes to the sink node. Based on this result, we provide a solution to the optimally control the system parameters of the sleep-wake scheduling protocol and the anycast protocol to maximize the network lifetime and minimize the delay with constraint on the expected delivery delay. N, any cast, sleep-wake scheduling, network lifetime, Network delayS. Hsu, and TY. Hsieh, "Power-saving protocols for IEEE 802.11-based multi-hop ad hoc networks," Comput. Netw., -337, Oct. 2003S. Hsu, and TY. Hsieh, "Power-saving protocols for IEEE 802.11-based multi-hop ad hoc networks," Comput. Netw., -337, Oct. 2003K. Hubaux, 'Joint Mobility and Routing for Lifetime Elongation in Wireless Sensor networks," in Proc. SenSys, Nov. 2003, Hubaux, 'Joint Mobility and Routing for Lifetime Elongation in Wireless Sensor Networks," Proc. IEEE INFOCOM,	& Delay 62-66
14	Paper Title:         Abstract: This paper is important to important to important to important to important to import the fails because all fetime. Sleep-ware because a transmitter by developing "any the first neighboring set. We used anycare packet-delivery deproblem of how to packet forwarding end-to-end packet-         Keywords:       WSI         References:       1. YC. Tseng, C vol. 43, pp. 317         2. W. Ye, H. He IEEE/ACM Tra       3. T. van Dam and pp. 171–180.         4. J. Luo and JF 2005.       5. J. Elson, L. Gir	An Efficient Scheduling Technique for the Improvement of WSN with Network Lifetime Constraint per highlight about the maximization of network lifetime & minimization of delay parameter which prove the performance of the wireless sensor network as effective and reliable Wireless mostly en communication radios are on. The network lifetime is usually defined as the time until the first of energy depletion. So sleep-wake scheduling is effective mechanism to increase network ke scheduling is efficient to increase network lifetime but it could result in substantial delays ing node needs to wait for its next-hop relay node to wake up. We attempts to reduce these delays yccast"-based packet forwarding schemes, where each node opportunistically forwards a packet to g node that wakes up among multiple candidate nodes such set of nodes called forwarding node set forwarding schemes to forward the data packet to next hop node which minimizes the expected lays from the sensor nodes to the sink node. Based on this result, we provide a solution to the optimally control the system parameters of the sleep-wake scheduling protocol and the anycast protocol to maximize the network lifetime and minimize the delay with constraint on the expected delivery delay.  N, any cast, sleep–wake scheduling, network lifetime, Network delay.  S. Hsu, and TY. Hsieh, "Power-saving protocols for IEEE 802.11-based multi-hop ad hoc networks," Comput. Netw., -337, Oct. 2003.  idemann, and D. Estrin, "Medium access control with coordinated adaptive sleeping for wireless sensor networks," in Netw., vol. 12, no. 3, pp. 493–506, Jun. 2004.  H Langendoen, "An adaptive energy-efficient MAC protocol for wireless Sensor Networks," in Proc. SenSys, Nov. 2003, thubaux, "Joint Mobility and Routing for Lifetime Elongation in Wireless Sensor Networks," Proc. IEEE INFOCOM, od, and D. Estrin, "Fine-grained network time synchronization using reference broadcasts," SIGOPS Oper. Syst. Rev., vol.	& Delay 62-66
14	Paper Title:         Abstract: This paper is important to important to important to important to import to import to import the first by developing "any the first neighboring" is et. We used any capacket-delivery deproblem of how to packet forwarding end-to-end packet-         Keywords:       WSI         References:       1. YC. Tseng, C vol. 43, pp. 317         2. W. Ye, H. He IEEE/ACM Tra       3. T. van Dam and pp. 171–180.         4. J. Luo and JF 2005.       5. J. Elson, L. Gir 36, no. SI, pp. 1         6. E. Shih, SH. G       6. E. Shih, SH. G	An Efficient Scheduling Technique for the Improvement of WSN with Network Lifetime Constraint per highlight about the maximization of network lifetime & minimization of delay parameter which prove the performance of the wireless sensor network as effective and reliable Wireless mostly en communication radios are on. The network lifetime is usually defined as the time until the first e of energy depletion. So sleep-wake scheduling is effective mechanism to increase network ke scheduling is efficient to increase network lifetime but it could result in substantial delays ing node needs to wait for its next-hop relay node to wake up. We attempts to reduce these delays ycast"-based packet forwarding schemes, where each node opportunistically forwards a packet to ag node that wakes up among multiple candidate nodes such set of nodes called forwarding node ist forwarding schemes to forward the data packet to next hop node which minimizes the expected lays from the sensor nodes to the sink node. Based on this result, we provide a solution to the optimally control the system parameters of the sleep-wake scheduling protocol and the anycast protocol to maximize the network lifetime and minimize the delay with constraint on the expected delivery delay.  N, any cast, sleep-wake scheduling, network lifetime, Network delay.  -S. Hsu, and TY. Hsieh, "Power-saving protocols for IEEE 802.11-based multi-hop ad hoc networks," Comput. Netw., -337, Oct. 2003. idemann, and D. Estrin, "Medium access control with coordinated adaptive sleeping for wireless sensor networks," ins. Netw., vol. 12, no. 3, pp. 493-506, Jun. 2004. I K. Langendoen, "An adaptive energy-efficient MAC protocol for wireless sensor networks," in Proc. SenSys, Nov. 2003, P. Hubaux, "Joint Mobility and Routing for Lifetime Elongation in Wireless Sensor Networks," Proc. IEEE INFOCOM, od, and D. Estrin, "Fine-grained network time synchronization using reference broadcasts," SIGOPS Oper. Syst. Rev., vol. 47–163, 2002.	& Delay 62-66
14	Paper Title:         Abstract: This paper is important to important to important to important to important to import the first because a transmitter by developing "any the first neighboring set. We used anycar packet-delivery deproblem of how to packet forwarding end-to-end packet-         Keywords:       WSI         References:       1. YC. Tseng, C vol. 43, pp. 317         1. YC. Tseng, C vol. 43, pp. 317       2. W. Ye, H. He IEEE/ACM Tra         3. T. van Dam and pp. 171–180.       4. J. Luo and JF 2005.         5. J. Elson, L. Gir 36, no. SI, pp. 1       6. E. Shih, SH. G energy-efficier	An Efficient Scheduling Technique for the Improvement of WSN with Network Lifetime Constraint Der highlight about the maximization of network lifetime & minimization of delay parameter which prove the performance of the wireless sensor network as effective and reliable Wireless mostly on communication radios are on. The network lifetime is usually defined as the time until the first es of energy depletion. So sleep-wake scheduling is effective mechanism to increase network ke scheduling is efficient to increase network lifetime but it could result in substantial delays ing node needs to wait for its next-hop relay node to wake up. We attempts to reduce these delays ycast"-based packet forwarding schemes, where each node opportunistically forwards a packet to gnode that wakes up among multiple candidate nodes such set of nodes called forwarding node test forwarding schemes to the sink node. Based on this result, we provide a solution to the optimally control the system parameters of the sleep-wake scheduling protocol and the anycast protocol to maximize the network lifetime and minimize the delay with constraint on the expected delivery delay. N, any cast, sleep-wake scheduling, network lifetime, Network delayS. Hsu, and TY. Hsieh, "Power-saving protocols for IEEE 802.11-based multi-hop ad hoc networks," Comput. Netw., -337, Oct. 2003. idemann, and D. Estrin, "Medium access control with coordinated adaptive sleeping for wireless sensor networks," In Netw., vol. 12, no. 3, pp. 493–506, Jun. 2004. I K. Langendoen, "An adaptive energy-efficient MAC protocol for wireless sensor networks," Proc. SenSys, Nov. 2003, et Hubaux, "Joint Mobility and Routing for Lifetime Elongation in Wireless Sensor Networks," Proc. IEEE INFOCOM, od, and D. Estrin, "Fine-grained network time synchronization using reference broadcasts," SIGOPS Oper. Syst. Rev., vol. 47–163, 2002.	& Delay 62-66
14	Paper Title: Abstract: This papis important to im- energy is used when node fails because lifetime. Sleep-wal because a transmitt by developing "any the first neighboring set. We used anycar packet-delivery de problem of how to packet forwarding end-to-end packet- Keywords: WSP References: 1. YC. Tseng, C vol. 43, pp. 317 2. W. Ye, H. He IEEE/ACM Tra 3. T. van Dam and pp. 171–180. 4. J. Luo and JF 2005. 5. J. Elson, L. Gir 36, no. SI, pp. 1 6. E. Shih, SH. G energy- efficier 7. M. Nosovic and Commun. Worl	An Efficient Scheduling Technique for the Improvement of WSN with Network Lifetime Constraint ber highlight about the maximization of network lifetime & minimization of delay parameter which prove the performance of the wireless sensor network as effective and reliable Wireless mostly on communication radios are on. The network lifetime is usually defined as the time until the first e of energy depletion. So sleep-wake scheduling is effective mechanism to increase network ke scheduling is efficient to increase network lifetime but it could result in substantial delays ing node needs to wait for its next-hop relay node to wake up. We attempts to reduce these delays yyeast"-based packet forwarding schemes, where each node opportunistically forwards a packet to gnode that wakes up among multiple candidate nodes such set of nodes called forwarding node ust forwarding schemes to forward the data packet to next hop node which minimizes the expected lays from the sensor nodes to the sink node. Based on this result, we provide a solution to the optimally control the system parameters of the sleep-wake scheduling protocol and the anycast protocol to maximize the network lifetime and minimize the delay with constraint on the expected delivery delay. N, any cast, sleep-wake scheduling, network lifetime, Network delay.	& Delay 62-66
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14	Paper Title:         Abstract: This paper is important to important to important to important to important to import is important to import the factor of the second packet of the first neighboring set. We used any capacket-delivery deproblem of how to packet forwarding end-to-end packet-         Keywords:       WSI         References:       1. YC. Tseng, Construction of the treatment of	An Efficient Scheduling Technique for the Improvement of WSN with Network Lifetime Constraint ber highlight about the maximization of network lifetime & minimization of delay parameter which prove the performance of the wireless sensor network as effective and reliable Wireless mostly en communication radios are on. The network lifetime is usually defined as the time until the first is of energy depletion. So sleep-wake scheduling is effective mechanism to increase network ke scheduling is efficient to increase network lifetime but it could result in substantial delays ing node needs to wait for its next-hop relay node to wake up. We attempts to reduce these delays ycast'-based packet forwarding schemes, where each node opportunistically forwards a packet to gg node that wakes up among multiple candidate nodes such set of nodes called forwarding node tast forwarding schemes to forward the data packet to next hop node which minimizes the expected lays from the sensor nodes to the sink node. Based on this result, we provide a solution to the optimally control the system parameters of the sleep-wake scheduling protocol and the anycast protocol to maximize the network lifetime and minimize the delay with constraint on the expected delivery delay. N, any cast, sleep-wake scheduling, network lifetime, Network delayS. Hsu, and TY. Hsieh, "Power-saving protocols for IEEE 802.11-based multi-hop ad hoc networks," Comput. Netw.,37, Oct. 2003. idemann, and D. Estrin, "Medium access control with coordinated adaptive sleeping for wireless sensor networks," http://doi.org/10.1111/000000000000000000000000000000	& Delay 62-66

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	Paper Title:	Unified Power Quality Conditioner for two feeders in a Distribution System	
	Abstract: A U	PQC consists of a series voltage-source converter (VSC) and a shunt VSC both joined together by a	
	common dc bus.	This paper proposes a new connection for a unified power quality conditioner (UPQC) to improve	
	the power quality	of two feeders in a distribution system. It is demonstrated how this device is connected between feeders to regulate the bus voltage of one of the feeders while regulating the voltage across a	
	sensitive load in th	the other feeder. Since the UPOC is connected between two different feeders (lines), this connection	
	of the UPQC will	be called an interline UPQC (IUPQC). This paper gives the structure; control and capability of the	
	IUPQC under som	e special conditions like sag has been created in feeder 1 and 2 are discussed. The efficiency of the	
	proposed configur	ation has been verified through simulation studies using MATLAB	
	Keywords: Interli	ne Unified power quality conditioner (IUPQC), power quality, sensitive load, voltage sag, voltage-	
	source converter (	VSC).	
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	Ioads, "IEEE Tra	Ravina Mithe, Supriva Indalkar, Nilam Divekar	
	Paper Title:	Optical Character Recognition	
	Abstract: The	Optical Character Recognition is a mobile application. It uses smart mobile phones of android	
	platform. This pa	per combines the functionality of Optical Character Recognition and speech synthesizer. The	
	objective is to dev	velop user friendly application which performs image to speech conversion system using android	
16	phones. The OCR	takes image as the input, gets text from that image and then converts it into speech. This system	
	mainly designed for	a nous applications like banking, legal industry, other industries, and nome and office automation. It or people who are unable to read any type of text documents. In this paper, the character recognition	72-75
	method is presente	by using OCR technology and android phone with higher quality camera.	

Keywords: Binerization, Optical Character Recognition, Pattern Matching, Segmentation, Tesseract, Text Extraction.

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	<ol> <li>Implementing O Scott Green EE</li> <li>Hybrid Page Lay</li> </ol>	ptical Character Recognition on the Android Operating System for Business Cards By Sonia Bhaskar, Nicholas Lavassar, 368 Digital Image Processing. Yout Analysis via Tab-Stop Detection Ray Smith Google Inc. 1600 Amphitheatre Parkway, Mountain View, CA 94043,	
	USA. theraysmit 8. Optical Characte 9. NLP Application Research Labora 10. Text To Speech:	h@gmail.com, 2009. r Recognition Line Eikvil December 1993. is of Sinhala: TTS & OCR Ruvan Weerasinghe, Asanka Wasala, Dulip Herath and Viraj Welgama Language Technology tory, University of Colombo School of Computing, 35, Reid Avenue, Colombo 00700, Sri Lanka. A Simple Tutorial D.Sasirekha, E.Chandra, March 2012.	
	Authors:	Vikas Pandey, Prabhakar Tiwari, N.K.Sharma, A.N.Tiwari, M.K.Singh	
	Paper Title:	Ultra Mega Power Projects: Additional Re-Structural Capacity to Existing Indian Grid Syste	m
	<b>Abstract:</b> The der electrical energy ir Ultra Mega Power With India being a by the end of the e Ultra Mega Power bridge this gap. T Government of Ind	nand for power in India is ever increasing, as industrial sector is one of the largest consumers of a India. More and more efforts are made by the Government every year to overcome this problem. projects (UMPP) are a series of ambitious power projects planned by the Government of India. country of chronic power deficit, the Government of India has planned to provide 'power for all' eleventh plan. This would entail a creation of an additional capacity of at least 100,000 MW. The projects, each with a capacity of 4000 megawatts or above, are being developed with an aim to The UMPPs are seen as an expansion of the MPP (Mega Power Projects) projects that the dia undertook in the nineties but met with limited success. The Ministry of Power in association	
17	with Central Electric coal-based UMPP's Keywords: Comp	icity Authority and Power Finance Corporation Ltd. has launched an initiative for development of s in India. These projects will be awarded to developers on the basis of competitive bidding.	76-82
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	Authors:	Amit Kumar Amod, Ansuman DiptiSankar Das, Tapas Sahu, Sekhar Sahani, Deepak Kumar	Panda
	Paper Title:	A Novel Architecture for Super Speed Data Communication for USB 3.0 Device Using FPGA	
	Abstract: The net architecture which advantage of paral USB 3.0 device a FPGA. To maintai signal at different f	ed for SuperSpeed data communication leads to the use of USB 3.0. USB 3.0 utilizes dual bus provides both SuperSpeed and non-SuperSpeed connectivity. This can be possible by mixing the lel and serial data transfer. This paper provides a novel architecture for communication between nd USB 3.0 host controller at a data rate of maximum up to 5.0 Gbps using Altera's Stratix IV n synchronization between GPIF II and PCIe hard IP, FIFO is used. PLL is used to provide clock requencies.	
	Keywords: FIFU	, FPGA, GPIF, Hard IP, PLL, USB 3.0.	
17	<ol> <li>References:</li> <li>Andreas C. Wolf More," 2012 9th</li> <li>Roberto Ammend Modules," 2010 II</li> <li>Hu Li, Yuan'an Li International Conf</li> <li>Hu Li, Yuan'an Li International Conf</li> <li>Hossein Kavianipu 18th IEEE-NPSS</li> </ol>	, pr. Wolf Wireless GmbH, Dr. Christoph Scheytt, "15 Gbps Communication over an USB3.0 Cable and Even International Multi-Conference on Systems, Signals and Devices (SSD), Mar. 2012, pp. 1 – 3. olaab, Andrea Biagionic, Giacomo Chiodic, etal, "High Speed Data Transfer with FPGAs and QSFP+ EEE Nuclear Science Symposium Conference Record (NSS/MIC), Oct. 30 2010-Nov. 6 2010, pp. 1323 – 1325. Tu, Dongming Yuan, Hefei Hu, "A Wrapper of PCI Express with FIFO Interfaces based on FPGA," 2012 erence on Industrial Control and Electronics Engineering, Aug. 2012, pp. 525 – 529. Tu, Dongming Yuan, Hefei Hu, "A Wrapper of PCI Express with FIFO Interfaces based on FPGA," 2012 erence on Industrial Control and Electronics Engineering, Aug. 2012, pp. 525 – 529. Tu, Steffen Muschter and Christian Bohm, "High Performance FPGA-based DMA Interface for PCIe," 2012 Real Time Conference (RT), June 2012, pp. 1 – 3.	76-82
	<ol> <li>Kamanand Venka Phase Alignment,</li> <li>Shao-Hang Hung, Chip (SOPC) Plat</li> <li>Edin Kadric, Nara INTERFAC</li> </ol>	(a) Which work, Gai, Architecture and Methodology of a Sore with 5.2500ps CDK based Series and Gbps Dynamic 'IEEE 2003 CUSTOM INTEGRATED CIRCUITS CONFERENCE, Sept. 2003, pp. 659 662. Chih-Feng Chao, Yu-Chun Yan, etal., "Independent Component Analysis Hard-IP integration System on Programmable form," TENCON 2010 - 2010 IEEE Region 10 Conference, Nov. 2010, pp. 1705 – 1709. ig Manjikian, Zeljko Zilic, "AN FPGA IMPLEMENTATION FOR A HIGH-SPEED OPTICAL LINK WITH A PCIE E," 2012 IEEE International SOC Conference (SOCC), 12-14 Sept. 2012, pp. 83 – 87.	
	Authors:	S. Singaravelu, G. Balasubramanian	
	Paper Title:	Wind driven Induction Generator with Vienna Rectifier and PV for Hybrid Isolated Generation	ons
18	Abstract: The net architecture which advantage of paral	ed for SuperSpeed data communication leads to the use of USB 3.0. USB 3.0 utilizes dual bus provides both SuperSpeed and non-SuperSpeed connectivity. This can be possible by mixing the lel and serial data transfer. This paper provides a novel architecture for communication between	83-93

USB 3.0 device and USB 3.0 host controller at a data rate of maximum up to 5.0 Gbps using Altera's Stratix IV FPGA. To maintain synchronization between GPIF II and PCIe hard IP, FIFO is used. PLL is used to provide clock signal at different frequencies.

Keywords: DC-DC converter, Fuzzy logic, SEIG, PV array, Vienna Rectifier, and Wind energy.

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## Authors:Tahere Panahi, Tahere Heidari, Vahid Sattari NaeiniPaper Title:An Efficient Parallel Algorithm for Solving the 3-Partition Problem Based On ADI

**Abstract:** The three-partition problem is one of the most famous strongly NP-complete combinatorial problems. Most of the recently proposed computational methods for solving partial differential equations on multiprocessor architectures stem from the 'divide and conquer' paradigm and involve some form of domain decomposition. For those methods which also require grids of points or patches of elements, it is often necessary to explicitly partition the underlying mesh, especially when working with local memory parallel processors. In this paper, a family of cost-effective algorithms for the automatic partitioning of arbitrary two- and three-dimensional finite element and finite difference meshes is presented and discussed in view of a domain decomposed solution procedure and parallel processing. We introduce properties which, in many cases, can allow either a quick solution of an instance or a reduction of its size. The average effectiveness of the properties proposed is tested through computational experiments. In this paper we propose a new approach to organize a parallel computing for finding all solutions of a problem, whose sequential algorithm takes too long finding all solutions. The parallel computing organization above presented is an combination of the bottom-up design and the divide and conquer design. We also propose a new efficient and simple algorithm for the 3-partition problem and paralellize the algorithm.

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Keywords: three-Partition problem, Dynamic programming, NP complete, Divide.

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	Authors:	Syed Asif Ali	
	Paper Title:	Design of Minimal States Deterministic Finite Pattern Using the Concept of Regular Expressio	n
	<b>Abstract:</b> the pup pattern using the of a computational contraction (or me	arpose of this paper is to design a minimal states deterministic finite automaton for Sign language concept regular expression. Deterministic finite automata are a practical approach used for designing model. This paper also emphasis on minimization of Sign language DFA using the concept of erging) of equivalent states algorithm.	
20	Keywords: S	ign Language pattern, Deterministic Finite Automata (DFA), Minimization of DFA.	

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Lucas, S.M.; Reynolds, T.J.; , "Learning deterministic finite automata with a smart state labeling evolutionary algorithm," Pattern Analysis and Machine Intelligence, IEEE Transactions on , vol.27,no.7,pp.1063-1074,July2005,doi:10.1109/TPAMI.2005.143 URL: http://ieeexplore.ieee.org/stamp/stamp.jsp?tp=&arnumber=1432740&isnumber=30890 **Authors:** Divya Jose, S. Berclin Jeyaprabha **Paper Title:** Design and Simulation of Wind Turbine System to Power RO Desalination Plant Abstract: Desalination is the process that removes dissolved minerals (including salts) from seawater or brackish water. Existing water desalination processes are either thermal or membrane technology. Wind power is one of the most popular form of renewable energy for water desalination. The proposed system is driven entirely by renewable energy sources. It converts wind energy directly into kinetic energy so as to drive brackish water through pretreatment units and a RO desalination unit. Most of the existing desalination plants uses wind power as an auxiliary energy supply. The direct use of wind energy in an RO desalination system is done in this work. This project aims to develop a simple, cost-effective water desalination system for small scale remote area applications. In conventional systems the electric power was used to run the system instruments for data acquisition and control. The incorporation of the hybrid system to power the data acquisition and control instruments is a solution for this. **Keywords:** Wind energy, RO System, Desalination, Renewable energy 21 102-105 **References:** B. Ali, M. Turki., and Belhadj.E "Energy Management of a Reverse Osmosis Desalination Process Powered by Renewable Energy 1. Sources", Proceedings of the 16th IEEE International Conference on electrotechnicals, 2012,800-805. Aryuanto Soetedjo and Abraham Lomi "Modelling of Wind Energy System with MPPT Control", International Conference on Electrical 2. 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"Water Treatment Principles and Design" Edition2, ISBN, 2012, 0-471, 11018-3. 7 Authors: Manda Jaya Sindhu, Y. Madhavi Latha, V. Samson Deva Kumar, Suresh Angadi **Paper Title:** Multimedia Retrieval Using Web Mining Abstract: Multimedia is a media that uses a combination of different forms which includes audio, text, video, images, etc...So, for the purpose of better understanding of user it's better to retrieve Multimedia data rather than text. Web mining is retrieving the content using data mining techniques from World Wide Web. Multimedia retrieval using web mining deals with the retrieval of useful patterns based on the user's search requirements. The images and video clips were retrieved by crawling the World Wide Web. The main theme of this paper is to know the mining details of various types of data in form of multimedia retrieval where all kinds of data or information is retrieved based on the search pattern of the user. 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Paper Title:	A Comparative analysis of Data Replication Strategies and Consistency Maintenance in Distributed File Systems
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**Abstract:** The data plays vital role in data intensive applications or applications which relay on large data files, In the era of information technology the size of data is increasing drastically and this type of data is usually referred to as "Big Data". Which is usually in the unstructured or may be in structured format in data grids or in cluster, and manipulation of such type of data like retrieving, storing and updating it is very tedious job in data intensive application. Data grids are type of data cluster technique which deals with such big data. which may be heterogeneous or homogeneous in nature depending on their property but in the era of fast growing technology the term heterogeneous data grids now replacing by cloud computing to serve as one of the service of cloud computing. In network of cloud computing, data replication and consistency maintenance plays key role to share data between nodes (data intensive applications) to achieve high performance, data availability, consistency and partial tolerance. In this paper we discuss the various data replication and consistency maintenance in cloud computing, to achieve high performance, and discuss the performance evaluation of these various techniques and frameworks like cloud MapReduce, Integrated data replication and consistency maintenance and also MapReduce with Adaptive Load balancing for Heterogeneous and Load imbalanced cluster (MARLA).

**Keywords:** Distributed System, Data Intensive Applications, Data Grids, Data Replicas, Job Scheduling, Cloud Computing.

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Authors:	Alpa K. Oza, Shailendra Mishra
Paper Title:	Elimination of Noisy Information from Web Pages
Abatmaata A Wal	h near trainally contains many information blocks. Desides the content blocks, it yoully bes such

**Abstract:** A Web page typically contains many information blocks. Besides, the content blocks, it usually has such blocks as navigation panels, copyright and privacy notices, and advertisements. These blocks that are not the main content blocks of the page, we call them as noisy blocks. We show that the information contained in these noisy blocks can seriously harm Web data mining. Thus eliminating these noises is of great importance. In our work we focus on identifying and removing local noises in web pages to improve the performance of mining. A simple idea for detection and removal of noises a new DOM tree structure is proposed. The result shows the remarkable increase in F score and accuracy is obtained.

Keywords: Noise elimination, DOM tree, Web page cleaning.

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	Overlapping M	ethod. IJECE-2011.	
	Authors:	Namu Kannan, B. F. Singi	
	Paper Title:	Comparison of SRS & SBS (Non Linear Scattering) in Optical Fiber	
	Abstract: Low J rising with scaling high performance, high performance J overcome the prob etc. bitcell design. SRAM memory has increasing the Read Keywords: Fi	of technologies. As modern technology is spreading fast, it is very important to design low power, and fast responding SRAM (Static Random Access Memory) since they are critical component in processors. The Conventional 6T SRAM cell is very much prone to noise during read operation. To lems in 6T SRAM cell, researchers have proposed different SRAM topologies such as 8T, 9T, 10T These designs can improve the cell stability but suffer from bitline leakage noise. In this paper, an as been designed to overcome power consumption problem. It also improves the Cell stability by d Static-Noise-Margin.	
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	Authors:	Rahul Umesh Kale, Pavan Mahadeo Ingale, Rameshwar Tukaram Murade	
	Paper Title:	Design of Low Power Sram Memory Using 8t Sram Cell	
	Abstract: The no Due to molecular describes basic o comparative study	nlinear scattering effects in optical fiber occur due to thermal molecular vibrations within the fiber. vibration produces the phonon. This phonon also produces due to incident photon. This paper f SBS (stimulated Brillouin scattering) & SRS (stimulated Raman scattering). Also do the of their thresholds, reduction in power penalty and applications.	
	Keywords: CM	OS logic, SRAM, VLSI, Read-Static Noise Margin (SNM), Stability and Power Consumption.	
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	Authors:	Sudeep K. Hase, Milind B. Vaidya			
	Paper Title:	Substance Cache Mechanism in the Cloud by Using Substance Provisioning Framework			
	Abstract: The substance (context) information in the context-aware systems may be about human, entity and computing situations has a powerful temporal aspect i.e. for a specific period of time it remains valid. This property can be exploited in caching mechanisms that desired to exploit such locality of reference. Substance information The substance information have varying temporal validity durations and a varied spectrum of access frequencies. This variation affects the suitability of a single caching strategy and an ideal caching mechanism should utilize dynamic strategies based on the type of substance data, access patterns and quality of service heuristics and frequencies of context consuming applications. This paper investigates the various context-caching strategies and proposes a novel bipartite caching mechanism in a Cloud-based substance provisioning system. The bipartite context caching mechanism is achieved through both simulation and deployment in a Cloud platform. Keywords: Cloud Computing, Substance (context) provisioning, Intelligent caching, substance aware clouds				
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	Apress Authors:	Zhibin Gui, Antonio Piras, Limin Oiao, Kai Gui, Boya Wang			
	Paper Title:	Improving Germination of Seeds Soaked GA3 by Electrostatic Field Treatment			
	Abstract: Tree	species with shallow dormancy are used for reforestation by airplane sowing in order to establish			
28	torest in mountain treat pine seeds so factors treatment of and vigor index of germination, seed development.	areas. To enhance germination and the quality of young seedling, an electrostatic field is used to taked with 100 ppm of gibberellic acid (GA3). The experimental results showed that the multiple of the seeds is better than a single factor, and the treatment effect depended on the dosage, process the seeds. The optimal dosage was 500 kV/m 10 minutes for 50-100 ppm soaked seeds to improve ling height and root length during initial germination and middle and later stages of seedling	133-136		
	Keywords: Ele	ectrostatic Field, Germination, 100 ppm GA3, Soaked Seed Treatment			
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	Paper Title:	Design of Intelligent Solar Grid Oriented PWM Inverter for Livelihood Generation in Rural	Areas
	Abstract. Exco	sive demand of neuron is always difficult to most and as a result national accommy is being	
	Abstract: Exce	sive demand of power is always difficult to meet and as a result national economy is being	
	hampered severel	v due to this deregulation of electricity. Unfortunately most IPS i.e., Instant Power Supply system	
	has poor charge c	ontrolling mechanism which makes it a massive power consumer. The cost of solar panel and the	
	consumers' aware	ness to preserve AC power has stimulated the demands of high effective Grid connected power	
	consumers llore the	designed interfacing DWM investigation and the both solar energy and storage bettering that	
	sources. Here the	designed interfacing PWM inverter is operated by both solar energy and storage batteries that	
	highly satisfies the	e necessity in rural areas where National Grids are hardly available and power cut problem reduces	
	the effectiveness	of IPS. Solar energy gets priority rather than AC source to charge storage battery that may save	
	hundreds of mega	watts nower every day. To extend the battery lifetime and keen system components bazard-free it	
20	indicated s of mega	waits power every day. To extend the battery method and keep system components hazard nee, it	
29	includes exact bat	tery-level sensing, charging-current controlling by microcontroller unit (MCU) and a cumulative	
	DC/AC MPPT (M	aximum Power Point Tracking) charges to obtain maximum PV energy from AC Solar Modules.	137-140
			137-140
	Keywords: Char	ge controller. Grid, inverter, MPPT charger, PWM, Solar energy,	
	110, 1101 450 0114	ge controller, cital, inverter, the reader, re	
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	Paper Title: Implementation and Comparison of Minuscule ICCLMA with Minuscule Conformal Mor Antenna				
	Abstract: In thi Capacitively Loade These different typ with the compariso results. In fact, eac antennas the minu antenna. The simu antenna reduces th conformal monopo	s paper, a high gain small size antennas such as minuscule ICCLMA (Inductively Coupled ed monopole antenna) with minuscule conformal monopole antenna were designed and compared. Des of antenna topologies were designed with same dimensions to produce higher gain. We begin on between the antenna designs, requirements and continue with a discussion issues and simulation the technique is uniquely designed to produce size reduction and higher gain antennas. Among two socule ICCLMA provides high gain is 45.2dB as compared to minuscule conformal monopole thation results are done by using CST Microwave Studio. The minuscule conformal monopole the cross polarization. The minuscule ICCLMA size is 3.393X0.0474mm while the minuscule le antenna radius is 0.113mm.			
	Reywords: And	enna radiation patierns, tumped elements, monopole antennas, verticany polarized antennas.			
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	Paper Title:	<b>Privacy-Preserving Public Auditing In Cloud Using HMAC Algorithm</b>			
32	Austract: Cloud C using internet. Inst user can remotely a The data stored mu which is carried ou copy of data. In the (HMAC) with the l <b>Keywords:</b> Cloud <b>References:</b> 1. P. Mell and T. G 2. C. Wang, O.	ead of local data storage and maintenance, the user is assisted with the cloud storage so that the store their data and enjoy the on-demand high quality application from a shared pool of resources. In the cloud storage. To enhance the correctness of data, auditing process is done at by TPA(Third Party Auditor). The TPA must be efficient to audit without demanding the local his paper we have proposed a method that uses the keyed Hash Message Authentication Code Homomorphic tokens to enhance the security of TPA bud storage, Integrity, Third Party Auditor	149-151		
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	Donor Title.	A Survey of Compression Techniques	
	Paper Thie:	A Survey of Compression Techniques	
	Abstract: Digital	data is owned, used and enjoyed by many people all over the world. Compressing data is mostly	
	done when we face	e with problems of constraints in memory. In this paper we have attempted to discuss in general	
	about compression	and decompression, the different techniques of compression using 'Lossless method compression	
	and decompression	' on text data using a simple coding technique called Huffmann coding.	
	Keywords: Lossle	ess text data compression, Huffman coding.	
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Paper Title:	Enabling Data Security for Collective Records in the Cloud

Abstract: Cloud computing is a computing paradigm in which tasks are assigned to a combination of connections, software and services that can be accessed over internet. A major advantage of a cloud computing is enabling the distributed or remote access from known or unknown machines at any time. While Accessing the Cloud Services, the data owner faces a lot of issues related to security services (while sharing their data). To overcome these security issues, we provide automated – decentralized mechanism to capture and monitor the every usage of the users from various location. In this paper, we proposed a logging mechanism to keep track of the actual usage of the system. We leverage the jar file mechanism to ensure any data access will trigger authentication and automated logging mechanism. To consolidate user's control, we provide distributed auditing mechanisms, we also provide comprehensive experimental studies that demonstrate the efficiency and effectiveness of the proposed approaches.

Keywords: Cloud computing, data sharing, data security.

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	Authors:	Mir Roomi Rahil, Rajesh Mahind, Saurabh Chavan, Tanumay Dhar	
	Paper Title:	GLCD-Touchpad Based Restaurant Ordering & Automatic Serving System	
37	Abstract: GLCD innovative idea in take away fast foo- etc. In restaurant n dish, so fearing ho these problems we menus/sub-menus	D-Touchpad Based Restaurant Ordering & Automatic serving System is a concept with a new the field of Hospitality Industry. The concept of this project has conceived in mind on observing d outlets, Mc Donald counters, Sub Way counters, Punch screens at various fast food restaurants nost items are listed in menu by names only. They don't have brief or detailed description of any w would they taste, what would be the ingredients, we end up ordering regular items. Considering e came up with an idea of having digital ordering system. The concept is we can browse the by just fingertin. The items would be well defined & descripted and the selected order will be	168-172
	served over the cor	iveyer belt to the particular table.	

#### Keywords: GLCD. **References:** Author Geoff Walker(2012) Fundamentals of Touch Technologies Revised Edition (6/3/2012)-IEEE Simon Garfinkel, Beth Rosenberg Rfid: Applications, Security, And Privacy 2 Author William(2003), F. Egan Practical RF system design Wiley-IEEE 3 Author John (2002), Fairall An introduction to Low Power Radio. 4. Author Scott Edwards(2003), Basics of LCD Electronics Corporation Ltd Authors: Vinita Vasundhara, Rintu Khanna, Manoj Kumar **Paper Title:** Improvement of Power Quality by UPQC Using Different Intelligent Controls: A Literature Review Abstract: This paper presents a comprehensive review on the unified power quality conditioner (UPQC) to improve electric power quality. This is intended to present a broad overview on the different possible intelligent controls used with UPQC. Keywords: Active power filters, ANN, Fuzzy logic controller, Power quality, Unified Power Quality Conditioner (UPQC). **References:** H.Akagi, "Trends in active power line conditioners," IEEE Trans. Power Electron., vol. 9, no. 3, pp. 263-268, May 1994 2 .B. Singh, K. Al-Haddad, and A. Chandra, "A review of active filters for power quality improvement," IEEE Trans. Ind. Electron., vol. 46, no. 5, pp. 960-971. Oct. 1999. M. El-Habrouk, M. K. Darwish, and P. Mehta, "Active power filters: A review," IEE Electr. Power Appl., vol. 147, no. 5, pp. 403-413, 3. Sep. 2000. 4 F. Kamran and T. G. Habetler, "Combined deadbeat control of a seriesparallel converter combination used as a universal power filter," in Proc. Power Electron. Spec. Conf., Jun. 18-22, 1995, pp. 196-201. 5. S. Muthu and J. M. S. Kim, "Steady-state operating characteristics of unified active power filters," in Proc. Appl. Power Electron. Conf., Feb.23-27, 1997, pp. 199-205 H. Fujita and H. 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Keywords: web mining, pattern extraction, usage mining, preprocessing.

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11.	Ms. Sarika Y. Pa	ıbalkar Pad Dr. D.Y, Web	<ul> <li>Text Mining for news by</li> </ul>	Classification.	International Jo	ournal of Advan	ced Research in C	Computer
	and Communica	tion Engineering Vol. 1, I	ssue 6, August 2012					

# Authors: Mahdi Alhaji Musa, Farouk Muhammad Aliyu Paper Title: Design of Electronic Voting Systems for Reducing Election Process Abstract: the electoral process in Nigeria is known with tedious activities and time consuming. There is a serious problem in terms of delivering the electoral facilities to the voting station and securing such facilities, even before

40	<b>Abstract:</b> the electoral process in Nigeria is known with tedious activities and time consuming. There is a serious	
	problem in terms of delivering the electoral facilities to the voting station and securing such facilities. even before	102 107
	this activities there must be training of personal that will be involve in such exercise with involve huge amount of	193-190
	money and time consuming. it is in line with this problem the researcher intend to develop an online electronic	

voting systems to checkmate those problems. Each voter will be screen for eligibility, thereafter the information will be store in database so that at any time the voter can login and cast his/her vote and monitor the result online. Whenever a voter cast a vote the systems will automatically saves all his records including the ballot, username, address and password for future references. an administrator will then be able to monitor all the process and check for any illegal actions.

**Keywords:** This systems if put into use will increase transparency anaccountability as the observer can monitor all the activities during the registration/poling exercise.

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## Authors:S.Shahar Banu, V.Saravanan, R. ShriramPaper Title:Extracting Peculiar Data from Multidatabases Using Agent Mining

**Abstract:** Data mining is a broad term that describes the search to extract some meaningful information from data that is unformatted and either unstructured or partially structured Similarly, Fayyad et. al. described it as "The nontrivial process identifying valid, novel, potentially useful, and ultimately understandable patterns in data". Data mining is also known as knowledge discovery, knowledge extraction, information harvesting, data archeology, and data pattern processing. Although most algorithms provide some unique implementation of each phase, there are several common steps to achieve the goal of identifying patterns in data. Generally, data mining (sometimes called data or knowledge discovery) is the process of analyzing data from different perspectives and summarizing it into useful information - information that can be used to increase revenue, cuts costs, or both. This paper discusses the peculiar data mining and agent mining. It allows users to analyze data from many different dimensions or angles, categorize it, and summarize the relationships identified.

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**Keywords:** Data mining peculiar mining, agent based system, multi agent.

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	Authors:	S. Ashwin, S. Jayanthi Sree, S. Aravind Kumar	
	Paper Title:	Study of the Contemporary Motion Estimation Techniques for Video Coding	
	Abstract: Video c	compression is vital for efficient archival of entertainment based video (CD/DVD) as well as real-	
	time reconnaissand	ce / video conferencing applications. While ISO MPEG sets the standard for the former types of	
	application, ITU s	ets the standards for latter low bit rate applications. In the entire motion based video compression	
	process motion es	timation is the most computationally expensive and time-consuming process. Motion estimation	
	involves interfram	e predictive coding, one of the most powerful image coding techniques which calculates motion	
	vectors and can eli	minate redundancy in natural scenes. The research in the past few decades has focused on reducing	
42	both of these side	effects of motion estimation. This paper reviews the literature pertaining to the different types of	
42 contemporary block match		k matching algorithms used for motion estimation in video compression. The algorithms that are	
	illustrated in this p	aper can be adopted by the video compressing community to be implemented in various standards.	190-194
	In addition, the advantages, limitations and applications of these techniques are revealed and guidelines for future		

Keywords: Video Compression, Motion Estimation, Motion Vectors, predictive coding.

**References:** 

research are discussed.

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	Authors:	Vilas Mapare, Suraj Shinde, Maheshkumar Latpate, Tejas Khairnar Pallavi Kadam		
	Donon Titlor	Employment of Artificial Neural Network in Manipulating Design Constraints of Rectangular		
	raper rue:	Microstrip Patch Antenna		
	Abstract: The pa	rameter optimization by means of the neural networks is the major attraction, which highlights the		
ease, precision and reduction in computational time for the designers of interest. The paper deals with the design of a		l reduction in computational time for the designers of interest. The paper deals with the design of a		
probe fed rectangular Microstrip patch antenna for 2.4 GHz frequency. The analytical results for various conceivable		lar Microstrip patch antenna for 2.4 GHz frequency. The analytical results for various conceivable		
	dimensions and dif	fferent dielectric values were intended without any structural complexities. To achieve an optimum		
	value for the desig	value for the design parameters of the Microstrip antenna, Multilayer Perceptron Neural Network (MLP) and Back		
	Propagation algorithm were implemented to train the network. The analytical results were tested by simulating with			
	basic design software HFSS. The bid of artificial neural network ensures an optimal design methodology which is			
	revealed when relating the results with analytical methods, results of the simulation software.			

Keywords: ANN, HFSS, Microstrip, nntool.

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Paper Title:	Enhanced Min-Max Procedure based on Block Truncation Coding for Image Compression	
Abstract: In the compression. The reconstructed imag three quantization Experiments were the proposed metho	is paper, we have proposed a method based on Block Truncation coding (BTC) for image existing Min-Max procedure based on BTC is enhanced to further improve the quality of the es. Images are decoded using three quantization levels by extending the size of the bitplane. The levels being Minimum, Maximum and the average of both are preserved for each block. carried over standard images like Lena, Cameraman, Boats, Bridge and Baboon. For all images, od outperforms the existing method in terms of PSNR values.	
Keywords: BT	C, Image Compression, MinMax, Quantization Levels, Bitplane, PSNR.	

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	Paper Title:         A Survey on Different Security Techniques of Mobile Code		
	Abstract: Mobile some computation agents have prove agents is a burning protection of hosts Keywords: Secur	agents are software which moves autonomously through a computer network with aim to perform or gather information on behalf of its creator or an application. In the last several years, mobile d its numerous applications including e-commerce. In most applications, the security of mobile g issue. This article presents comparison of different aspects of mobile code security, namely the receiving a malicious mobile code and the protection of a mobile code within a malicious host. ity, Mobile agents, Mobile code, malicious host, Electronic commerce.	
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	Authors:	Riya Garg, Suman Nehra, B. P. Singh	
	Paper Title:	Low Power 4-2 Compressor for Arithmetic Circuits	
46	Abstract: Most of arithmetic function paper presents 4-2 consumption of 4- simulations have b power consumption <b>Keywords:</b> 2T (2 <b>References:</b> 1. Ahmed M. Shan Transactions on 2. Fabio Frustaci et 56, No. 2, 2009, 3. M. Alioto and G	on the VLST circuits used adders as a crucial portion, since they form the base element of all is. Increasing demand for portable equipments requires area and power efficient VLSI circuits. This compressor using two different 8T full adder designs. The aim of this paper is to reduce the power 2 compressor without compromising the speed and performance. All pre-layout and post-layout been performed at 45nm technology on Tanner EDA tool version 12.6 and compared in terms of n, power-delay product (PDP) over various input voltages, temperatures and frequencies transistors), 3T, 8T and PDP.	204-207
	<ol> <li>Syst., vol. 10, no.</li> <li>Sreehari Veeran Conference on V</li> <li>Sung Mo Kang a</li> <li>N. Weste and K.</li> <li>John P. Uyemura</li> <li>D. Radhakrishna</li> <li>Symp. on Circuit</li> </ol>	b. 6, 2002 pp. 806–823. nachaneni et al, Novel Architectures for High-Speed and Low-Power 3-2, 4-2 and 5-2 Compressors," International 'LSI Design, IEEE, 2007. Ind Yusuf Leblebici, "CMOS digital integrated circuits-analysis and design," 2003, Tata McGraw-Hill, third edition. Eshraghian, "Principles of CMOS Digital Design, A System Perspective," 1993, MA: Addison Wesley. a, "Introduction to VLSI Circuits and Systems," 2002, John Wiley and Sons, Inc. In, A.P. Preethy, "Low Power CMOS Pass Logic 4-2 Compressor for High-Speed Multiplication," Proc. IEEE Midwest ts and Systems, 2000, pp. 1-3.	

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